

## IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method for use in developing a program, comprising:  
compiling at least a portion of a source code program defined by a first waypoint during at least a portion of the time period of the editing of the source code program;  
identifying a second waypoint in the source code during editing of the source code; and  
compiling the source code from the first waypoint to the second waypoint before completing  
editing of the source code.
2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein compiling includes:  
identifying the first waypoint in an edited source code during editing of the source code; and  
compiling the source code up to the identified waypoint before completing the edit of the source  
code.
3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein identifying the first waypoint  
includes one of identifying the waypoint from a static definition and identifying the waypoint  
from a dynamic definition.
4. (Cancelled)
5. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
completing editing of the source code; and  
compiling the source code from the second waypoint to the end of the source code.
6. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising saving the edited source code.
7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising compiling the source code from the  
waypoint to the end of the source code upon completing editing of the source code.

8. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for developing a program, comprising a processor capable of:

identifying a first waypoint in an edited source code program during editing of the source code program; [[and]]

compiling the source code program up to the identified first waypoint during at least a portion of a time period in which the source code program is being edited;

identifying a second waypoint in the edited source code program during editing of the source code program; and

compiling the source code program from the first waypoint to the second waypoint before completing editing of the source code program.

9. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the processor capable of identifying the first waypoint further comprises the processor being capable of performing at least one of identifying the first waypoint from a static definition and identifying the waypoint from a dynamic definition.

10. (Cancelled)

11. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the processor is further capable of compiling the source code program from the first waypoint to the end of the source code program upon completing editing of the source code program.

12. (Currently Amended) A method for modifying a compiler to engage in rapid compilation, comprising:

identifying a file reader portion of the compiler; and

modifying the identified file reader to read a portion of a source code program defined by a first waypoint from a standard input and a second waypoint from a standard input, wherein the identified file reader is adapted to read a portion of the source code program during editing of the source code program.

13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein modifying the identified file reader to read from the standard input includes modifying the identified file reader to read from an open system call.
14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein modifying the identified file reader to read from the open system call includes modifying the identified file reader to read from a UNIX gcc command.
15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the waypoint is identified by one of identifying the first waypoint from a static definition and identifying the first waypoint from a dynamic definition.
16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the first waypoint defines a lower bound of the portion of the source code program.
17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the first waypoint defines an upper bound of the portion of the source code program.
18. (Original) A method for suspending compiler execution prior to reaching the end of a source code program, comprising:
- identifying a waypoint in the source code program;
  - compiling a portion of the source code program whose lower bound is defined by the identified waypoint; and
  - suspending compilation of the source code program once the portion whose lower bound is identified by the waypoint is compiled.

19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the waypoint is identified by one of identifying the waypoint from a static definition and identifying the waypoint from a dynamic definition.

20. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein suspending compilation of the source code program once the portion whose lower bound is identified by the waypoint is compiled includes at least one of removing a corresponding task from a work queue in an IDE, storing the compiled code in a shadow location, and suppressing errors or warning.

21. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the upper bound of the portion is defined by the start of the source code program or another waypoint.

22. – 27. (Cancelled)

28. (Original) A method for building a source code program capable of suspending and resuming compilation, comprising:

- identifying a waypoint in a source code program being edited;
- triggering a compilation of a portion of the source code program defined by the waypoint;
- compiling the portion of the source code program defined by the waypoint;
- suspending the compilation of the portion defined by the waypoint once the compilation reaches the waypoint;
- triggering the compilation of the remainder of the source code program; and
- resuming the compilation of the source code program to compile the remainder.

29. (Original) The method of claim 28, wherein the waypoint is identified by one of identifying the waypoint from a static definition and identifying the waypoint from a dynamic definition.

30. (Original) The method of claim 28, wherein triggering the compilation of the portion of the source code includes identifying the waypoint.

31. (Original) The method of claim 28, wherein suspending compilation of the source code program once the portion whose lower bound is identified by the waypoint is compiled includes at least one of removing a corresponding task from a work queue in an IDE, storing the compiled code in a shadow location, and suppressing errors or warning.

32. (Original) The method of claim 28, wherein the upper bound of the portion is defined by the start of the source code program or another waypoint.

33. (Original) The method of claim 28, wherein triggering the compilation of the remainder of the source code program includes identifying a second waypoint, saving the source code program, or ending an editing session.

34. (Currently Amended) A method for using a UNIX standard input read mechanism for speculative compilation of a source code program, comprising:

identifying a first waypoint and a second waypoint in an edited source code program during editing of the source code program, wherein the second waypoint is after the first waypoint in the source code program; [[and]]

invoking a compile of at least a portion of a source code program defined by [[a]] the first waypoint and the second waypoint during the editing of the source code program with a UNIX input read mechanism; and

compiling the at least a portion of the source code program from the first waypoint to the second waypoint before completing editing of the source code program.

35. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 34, wherein the portion comprises a portion of the source code program defined by the start of the source code program and the second waypoint.

36. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 34, wherein the portion comprises a portion of the source code program defined by the first waypoint and the end of the source code program.

37. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 34, wherein the first waypoint is identified by one of identifying the first waypoint from a static definition and identifying the first waypoint from a dynamic definition.

38. (Original) A method for managing the output of a compile, comprising:  
compiling at least a portion of a source code program defined by a waypoint during the editing of the source code program in a first phase;  
compiling the remainder of the source code program in a subsequent phase; and  
notifying a user of any errors that may have occurred during the compilation.

39. (Original) The method of claim 38, wherein the portion comprises a portion of the source code program defined by the start of the source code program and the waypoint.

40. (Original) The method of claim 38, wherein the portion comprises a portion of the source code program defined by the waypoint and the end of the source code program.

41. (Original) The method of claim 38, wherein the waypoint is identified by one of identifying the waypoint from a static definition and identifying the waypoint from a dynamic definition.

42. (Original) The method of claim 38, further comprising scrapping the compiled first and second portions.

43. (Original) The method of claim 42, wherein scrapping the compiled first and second portions includes one of scrapping the compiled first and second portions responsive to the notification and scrapping the compiled first and second portions responsive to a user input.
44. (Currently Amended) A method for use in developing a program, comprising:  
identifying at least two or more instructions in a file to compile; [[and]]  
compiling the identified instructions while the file is being edited;  
completing editing of the file; and  
compiling the remainder of the edited file.
45. (Original) The method of claim 44, wherein the instructions are identified at a predetermined line number in the source code program, identifying the instructions at the point of insertion for a text editor, identifying the instructions after a predetermined number of branches as conditionals, identifying the instructions at a predetermined text offset.
46. (Currently Amended) The method claim 44, further comprising:  
identifying at least two more instructions in the file during editing; and  
compiling the at least ~~second~~ two or more instruction while the file is being edited.
47. (Cancelled)
48. (Original) The method of claim 44, further comprising saving the edited file.
49. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 44, further comprising compiling the remainder of the edited file [[upon]] in response to completing editing of the file.
50. (Currently Amended) A method for compiling a source code program, comprising:  
identifying an upper bound for a portion of the source code program to compile;

identifying a lower bound for the portion; [[and]]  
compiling the portion defined by the upper and lower bounds during an editing session on  
the source code program;  
identifying a third bound in the edited source code during editing of the source code; and  
compiling the source code from the lower bound to the third bound before completing  
editing of the source code.

51. (Original) The method of claim 50, wherein at least one of identifying the upper bound and identifying the lower bound includes one of identifying the bound from a static definition and identifying the bound from a dynamic definition.

52. (Cancelled).

53. (Original) The method of claim 50, further comprising compiling the source code from the lower bound to the end of the source code upon completing editing of the source code.

54. (Currently Amended) A computer readable storage device encoded with instructions that, when executed by a processor, perform the method of:

identifying a first waypoint in an edited source code program during editing of the source code program; [[and]]  
compiling the source code program up to the identified first waypoint during at least a portion of a time period in which the source code program is being edited;  
identifying a second waypoint in the edited source code program during editing of the source code program; and  
compiling the source code program from the first waypoint to the second waypoint before completing editing of the source code program.